

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

VOL. XXXI, NO. 28.

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE, FRIDAY, JULY 12, 1940.

\$2.00 PER ANNUM



Serve the Church that the Church May Serve You.

CENTRAL UNITED CHURCH

BLAIRMORE

Rev. E. B. Atrol, B.A., Minister

Sunday services—
10.00 a.m., Junior school.
11.00 a.m., Senior school.
7.30 p.m., Public Worship.
Wednesdays, 7.30 p.m., Prayer service.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH NOTES

Rev. J. R. Hague, A.Th., Incumbent

Services Sunday next:
10.00 a.m.—Sunday School.
11 a.m., Morning service.

REGULAR BAPTISTS

Rev. J. W. MacDonald, Minister.

In the Union hall. Services Sundays:
11 a.m., Senior and Junior Sunday school.

7.30 p.m., Song service; 7.45, evening worship.

Thursday, 7.30 p.m., Prayer and Bible study.

Service in Frank 2 p.m. Sundays. You are cordially invited to our services.

SALVATION ARMY, COLEMAN

Capt. F. Watson - Lieut. G. Fitch

Sunday services:
10.20 a.m., Y.P. Directory Class.
11.00 a.m., Business Meeting.
3.00 p.m., Sunday School.
7.30 p.m., Salvation Meeting.
Tuesday: 7.30 p.m., Red Shield Auxiliary and Home League.
Thursday: 8 p.m., Praise Meeting, Weddings, funerals and dedications on application to the local officers.

CHURCH OF THE NAZARENE

Near the Depot, Coleman

Pastor: Rev. Wilfred W. Jensen.
Services: Sunday school at 11 a.m. Morning worship at 12 noon. Street meeting at 6.30 p.m., in front of the Coleman hotel. Evangelistic service at 7.30 p.m.

Tuesday, 7.30 p.m., Bible study.
Friday, 7.30 p.m., Prayer meeting.

Mrs. J. Angus MacDonald is away on a holiday visit with friends in the Drumheller district.

Local Rebekahs, accompanied by a number of brother Oddfellows, held their annual outing and picnic at Crows' Nest Lake on Wednesday afternoon.

BELLEVUE HAPPENINGS

Miss Gladys Knowles and Master Gary Ward were Calgary visitors for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Fairhurst, of Drumheller, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Johnson.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Cox, senior, are Stampede visitors.

Mr. and Mrs. Watts Goodwin were Calgary visitors for a few days.

A group of local girls are enjoying an outing at Waterton Park.

Misses Enna Chiarovano and Erna Bogush left on Tuesday for a month's vacation to be spent at the coast.

Mrs. C. Key and family are holidaying at Waterton Lakes.

The West Canadian Colliers band attended the Stampede.

Rev. Mr. Kirk, Coleman's new pastor, occupied the United church pulpit on Sunday last.

Mr. and Mrs. McEachern and Frank are Edmonton visitors.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Hutton and Gordon are Calgary and Banff visitors.

SUCCESSFUL MUSIC PUPILS

The following pupils of Mr. W. H. Moser were successful in examinations conducted in Blairmore recently by Mr. Wesley Roberts, of London, England, and Mr. F. E. Blachford, of Toronto, in behalf of Royal Schools of Music and the Toronto Conservatory of Music.

Royal Schools of Music

Preliminary—Fraser MacPherson.
Grade I—Lloyd Pinkney, pass.
Grade II—John Graham, Donald Graham (cello), Teddy Moser, all distinction; Jerry Korn and Douglas Stobbs, honors; Bobby Dan, Clayton Rose, pass.

Grade III—Gordon Soper, distinction; Donald McDougall, honors; Donald Ferguson, pass.

Grade IV—Margaret Smith, distinction; Annie Drazdzick, honors; Molly Penn, Helen Gregory, pass.

Grade VI—Lris May, distinction; Jerry Kleken, honors; Donald Rees, George Oliver, pass.

Theory of Music, Grade 4.—Donald Rees, full marks; David Ferguson, Donald Ferguson, Mostyn Hadwell, pass.

Toronto Conservatory of Music
Grade I.—Bobby Stewart, honors; Jack Patterson, honors.

About a similar number of Mr. Moser's pupils passed violin examinations at Fernie, Cranbrook and Kimberley.

The Castle River Stampede will be held on Wednesday, July 24th.

The British government has postponed the scheme for moving British children to the dominions for the time being. Should the scheme come into operation again, it will be much modified, according to announcement.

COWLEY HAPPENINGS

M. A. Murphy is spending the week on a holiday trip to Calgary and Banff.

Mrs. James Lote was a visitor to Calgary for a few days the early part of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Webber, newlyweds, will make their home on the old Latta ranch, two and a half miles north of Cowley.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Upton and their two small sons, of Fruitvale, B.C., are on a two weeks holiday visit with Mr. and Mrs. William Wycliffe at the North Fork. Mr. and Mrs. Wycliffe are Mrs. Upton's parents.

Mrs. Doris Sandeman has returned from Spondon, where she has been teaching school the past year, to spend the summer vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Eton.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Dienne were visitors to Black Diamond the early part of the week to receive treatment from a Chinese doctor.

Mrs. Robert Day, junior, has sent in an application for one of the refugee children, a girl.

On Thursday last the Ladies' Aid of the United church were entertained by Mrs. Robert Day, junior, at her home. The meeting took the form of a picnic down by the river.

Raymond Cleland, second son of Mr. and Mrs. Albert Cleland, is attending the youth-training school in Lethbridge.

Floris Lemire is visiting relatives in Macleod district.

On Saturday afternoon last a Red Cross meeting was held here, at which it was voted to send \$350 to Red Cross headquarters in Calgary. Arrangements were also made to have a quilting party at the home of Mrs. Ed Smyth on Wednesday of this week, when two quilts were to be quilted. These were to be sold to raise money for the Red Cross. Three quilts were shipped to Red Cross headquarters this week from this branch.

Major G. A. Bartlett-Buchanan, formerly of Pincher Creek district, who with his wife got out of Holland as the Germans were pig-trotting in, and later came to Montreal, has been appointed to military district headquarters at Montreal. He is twin brother to Mrs. W. A. Ross, of Pincher Creek, and went overseas in the last Great War with the First C.M.R.

New Highways Link Mountain Parks



Alberta's new scenic highway, "The Mountain Skyway," from Lake Louise to Jasper, and the Big Bend section of the Trans-Canada Highway, were thrown open to tourists this month. Giving visitors access to a veritable wonderland of mountain splendor, the new highway sections will enable United States tourists to enter Alberta or British Columbia at widely separated points and travel over a fine road surface to Edmonton, Calgary, Banff, Lake Louise or Jasper. The Mountain Skyway connecting the three last-named points, cuts through 180 miles of the finest mountain scenery in the world, while the Big Bend section, Golden to Revelstoke in B.C., connects directly with Vancouver and the Pacific Coast.

FOUR BIG JOBS FOR SCHOOL BOARDS

"The next five years will see great activity on the part of taxpayers to reduce taxes and public costs," states Charles A. Parcells, president of the board of education, Grosse Point, Michigan, in the "Nations Schools."

To protect the rights of the taxpayers and the rights of the children, school boards must perform four jobs better than they have ever performed them before, Mr. Parcells declares.

These tasks are as follows:
1. See that genuine informed economies are practiced in all expenditures.

2. Keep the public informed on problems of school finance and the justification of school costs.

3. See that the schools give value received in educational outcomes, such as knowledge of fundamentals, character development, and enlightened, socially adjusted, democratic citizens.

4. Keep before the public the fact that our democratic form of government depends on a thorough program of public education with reasonably compensated teachers instructing classes of suitable size in buildings of adequate accommodation.

"THERE'LL ALWAYS BE AN ENGLAND"

This song, which has been sweeping the Empire and now has become the theme song of the British war effort, has been heard, too, in the United States. A large Chicago industrial firm ends all its letters to Canada with a red ink postscript: "There'll Always be an England!"

The publisher, Gordon V. Thompson, Toronto, is willing that Canadian firms should copy this idea. He tells us that many Canadians have been sending copies of the song to send to friends in the United States.

In the Belgian Congo, the province of Katanga controls the world supply of pitch-blende, from which radium is largely derived.

The town council of Wainwright purchased \$100 worth of savings certificates from the Bank of Montreal and a ten-dollar book of savings stamps from the post office, for disposal, if possible, through the office of the secretary-treasurer.



"STAMP" OUT HITLER

Co-operating with the picture industry in the nation-wide War Savings Stamps and Certificates campaign, Cole's Pass theatres on Monday next, July 15th, the night set aside all over Canada, are presenting pictures well worthy of your patronage.

In this plan, there is no charge for admission—you get a free ticket with each purchase of a minimum of two 25 cent War Savings Stamps. These stamps remain your property and are an investment in Canada and its future.

Pictures showing for these special performances are: at Blairmore, Wallace Beery and Mickey Rooney in "Stablemates;" at Coleman, "Too Hot to Handle," with Clark Gable and Myrna Loy, and at Bellevue, "Honolulu," starring Eleanor Powell, Robert Young and George Burns and Gracie Allen.

Remember the time, Monday next; remember the cause, War Savings campaign, and get your stamps today, at least two 25 cent stamps entitles you to a free ticket. Serve by Saving.

EDITORS ELECT NEW OFFICERS

Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Halliwell returned Tuesday night from a holiday trip around the Banff-Jasper highway. Mr. Halliwell also presided at the coming-of-age convention of the Canadian Weekly Newspapers' Association in Calgary on Thursday and Friday. Mr. Halliwell is succeeded as president for 1940-41 by H. E. Jice, editor of the Huntsville Forester and mayor of the town of Huntsville, Ontario. Other executive members are: H. T. Halliwell, immediate past president; Walter Ashfield, Grenfell, Sask., first vice-president; Walter Legge, Granby, Quebec, second vice-president; and C. V. Charters, Brampton, Ontario, managing director and secretary. Alberta's representatives on the board of directors are F. P. Galbraith, Red Deer, and Harry Ford, Lacombe. All provinces and Newfoundland were represented at the convention, opened to be the best in the history of the association. The programme included two days of business sessions at the Palliser hotel in Calgary, a tour of the Turner Valley oil fields by motor, train trip to Banff for banquet as guests of the C.P.R., bus trip Banff to Lake Louise and Jasper, luncheon at Columbia Icefields Chalet as guests of Imperial Oil Co., banquet at Jasper Park Lodge as guests of the C.N.R. and association's coming-of-age party at the same institution. In addition, the delegates were banquet guests of the Calgary Daily Herald and the City of Calgary.

TO ACCEPT PARCELS FOR TARS SERVING ABROAD

Arrangements have been made for the acceptance of parcel post for personnel serving in His Majesty's ships abroad at the rate of 12 cents for each pound or fraction thereof up to a weight limit of 11 pounds, according to provisions in the latest naval orders. Parcels should be addressed care G. P. O., London, England.

We have an unused Stampede ticket available for half price.

ORPHEUM

THEATRE - BLAIRMORE

LAST TIME TONIGHT

Friday, July 12th

Irene Dunne - Chas. Boyer

- in -

"When Tomorrow Comes"

- in -

Sat. Only - July 13th

JANE WITHERS, with the RITZ BROTHERS

- in -

"PACK UP YOUR TROUBLES"

Jane and the Boys bring you their most hilarious, knock-em down, drag-'em out fun show

- ALSO -

"Baer-Galento Fight Pictures"

SEE BELOW for MONDAY Show

Tues. Wed. July 16-17

ALLAN JONES - MARY MARTIN - WALTER CONNOLLY

- in -

"The Great Victor Herbert"

He taught the world to sing of love

WAR CAMPAIGN PICTURES

Monday Only - July 15

BLAIRMORE Theatre

"STABLEMATES"

with Wallace Beery and Mickey Rooney

BELEVUE Theatre

"HONOLULU"

with Eleanor Powell, Robert Young and George Burns and Gracie Allen

COLEMAN Theatre

"TOO HOT TO HANDLE"

with Clark Gable and Myrna Loy

NO ADMISSION CHARGE—You get a FREE TICKET with each purchase of a MINIMUM of TWO 25 Cent War Savings Stamps. GET YOUR STAMPS TODAY!

NOT FINISHED WITH FUEHRER ARCADE

Though Adrien Arcand is interned and others associated with him also, the fact does not preclude further penalties, the minister of justice, Hon. Ernest Lapointe, informed the house of commons. "They are interned in order that we may know that they are safely in custody," said Lapointe. "They are being held to await any further proceedings or prosecutions to which they may be liable." Arcand was the leader of the Canadian Unity party, which had outwardly, aims of making Canadian totalitarian in the Nazi-Fascist mould.

SOCIAL DYNAMITERS

Ever meet a "fifth columnist"? A couple of years ago, in Germany, a member of The Financial Post staff missed his bus, climbed into a charted bus headed in the same direction and found himself with 30 or 40 men and women—all Nazis—from the Eupen-Malmédy district of Belgium. They were on a visit to Germany, being entertained — and instructed. They were a nationless type—neither wholly German nor wholly Belgian. All were rough, tough and virile, hard-skinned, ruthless adventurers; social dynamite, to whom personal risk meant nothing if there was a chance for excitement along with it.—The Post Bag.

Bernard Reddick, 81, father of Clarence Reddick, of Kimberley, died in Calgary on Thursday, following a long illness. He was a native of St. John's, Newfoundland, and came west in 1883.

Our Week-End Cash Specials

Spring Chickens	Lb.	25
Fowl	Lb.	20
Beef Round Steak	Lb.	15
Shoulder Beef Roast	Lb.	12
Sirloin or T-Bone Roast	Lb.	15
Boiling Rib Beef	Lb.	10
Beef Tenderloin Steak	Lb.	35
Veal Shoulder Roast	Lb.	15
Pork Sausage	2 Lb.	35
Wieners	2 Lb.	45
Compressed Ham	Lb.	30
Own Made Salami	Lb.	25
Own Cured Bacon	Lb.	25
Picnic Ham	Lb.	17

ALL CHOICE QUALITY MEATS ONLY

FRESH FISH DIRECT FROM VANCOUVER EVERY THURSDAY

Fresh Lamb - Chicken - Lard - Butter - Eggs

CENTRAL MEAT MARKET


Phone 294

V. KRUSKY, PROP.

P. O. Box 32

"It DOES taste good in a pipe!"

MANNING HALL-ROBINSON - 130
"L.L.R. LOK-TOPI" TIN - 400
also packed in Packet Tins



GROWN IN SUNNY SOUTHERN ONTARIO

Winning New Markets

The action of the federal government in appointing a national oil controller is a natural sequence to the decision of Parliament to vest in the government authority to conscript the man power, resources and productive power of the country with the prosecution of the war with maximum speed and efficiency in this country as its single objective.

When the importance of oil, in this instance, means petroleum and all its derivatives, including gasoline and fuel oils, as an agency of warfare in this generation is taken into consideration, the early decision to exercise control over production, manufacturing and marketing of all petroleum, was to be expected, almost as soon as the government was clothed with the necessary powers by the people's representatives.

While at the time of writing comparatively few details of the steps that will be taken to convert this valuable Canadian resource into an important auxiliary in the country's war effort, and the extent to which it will be used for this purpose, has not been announced, it can be taken for granted that the war needs will be given paramount consideration, as indeed it should, but that at the same time, the country's ordinary industrial requirements for petroleum will be safeguarded, insofar as they do not hamper requisitions for war use. The government and the controller will undoubtedly recognize that agriculture of the present day is largely dependent upon gasoline and fuel oils for its efficient operation and that efficient operation of agricultural pursuits is one of the most important roles which Canada is expected to play in the fight against Hitlerism.

A Widespread Scope

Combined with the imposition of a new levy on imports, governmental control and regulation of the oil industry of the Dominion, in addition to speeding up and strengthening the wartime war effort, should prove an economic advantage to the west and particularly Alberta, the site of the Turner Valley oil field, proven in the past two or three years as one of the greatest oil reservoirs in the British Empire.

One of the benefits to be expected from this combined move is a substantial extension of the domestic market for Alberta petroleum. Until now, the Alberta product has been restricted to a comparatively narrow market and it has been economically unfeasible to ship it as far west as Vancouver or as far east as Winnipeg. It has thus been virtually restricted, as a commercial possibility, to a portion of the prairie provinces, where the demand is largely seasonal due to climatic exigencies. Not only that, but even in that restricted market it has been subject to competition with oil from fields in the Western States.

As a result of these two factors it has been necessary during the past two years to ration production in the Turner Valley field, otherwise there would have been overproduction.

Apart altogether from any control measures which the government may impose through the national oil controller, the market for Turner Valley petroleum has been widened automatically as a result of the new war exchange import of ten per cent. on imports, and this measure alone is expected to bring the Winnipeg market into the Turner Valley orbit. It is understood and anticipated that regulations are likely to be devised and made effective which will still further widen the market for the Alberta product, though which of several possible measures will be adopted in view of the war is not yet determined. It is expected, however, that the Pacific Coast market will be brought within the Alberta sphere, and that sooner or later Turner Valley oil will be made available to at least, a portion of the Eastern Canadian market.

A Dual Objective

One effect of these actual and potential measures will undoubtedly be a marked stimulus to further development of the sources of supply, not only in the Turner Valley oil fields, but in other Alberta fields and may be expected to result in an acceleration of exploration and testing work in Saskatchewan as well as Alberta.

Another and new prospective outlet for Western Canadian petroleum is the manufacture of gasoline of high octane rating for use in the large quantities of aeroplanes which will shortly be in service in the west under the air training plan. While this, it is understood, will necessitate some changes in equipment at the Western Canadian refineries, it is reasonable to expect that the necessary alterations will be made and that this is contemplated as part of the new control plan.

With markets for some of Western Canada's agricultural products materially narrowed as a result of the misfortunes of the earlier stages of the war in Europe, it is very vital that other sources of revenue be expanded to enable the west to make a maximum contribution to the war effort and to furnish an additional insurance policy in post war days, when they come. Petroleum may be destined to be one of these sources.

Money Pouring In

Britain's Chancellor Of The Exchequer Speaks Of Contributions From The Empire

Sir Kingsley Wood, chancellor of the exchequer, told Britons that "no limit can be put to our war effort; we must throw everything in."

In a luncheon address the chancellor said more than £4,000,000 (about \$17,600,000) had been offered in response to the government's recent appeal for interest-free loans, and that one man signing himself "Confidence" had sent a gift of £200,000 "without any condition."

Gifts to help finance Britain's war effort have come from every part of the Empire. School children and old age pensioners are among the donors. Sir Kingsley said that one of the vital reasons for confidence in the future was the fact that the "daughter nations are throwing everything in and are sending, in increasing measure, men, materials and munitions."

Baril Fomen, orchestra leader and composer, has invented a new baby grand piano which incorporates an organ, piano, cymbal, harp and harpsichord.

Derpo Bug Killer, 85c.
Eliminates bedbugs, moths, cockroaches, crickets, fleas, lice, ticks. At Eaton's, Simpsons, local dealers or Derpo Products, Toronto.

A Famous Warhorse

Queen's Own Adopted "Old Balala" After Rider Was Killed

In a recent interview in Toronto, Sir William Mulock, of that city, who was given the Queen's Own in 1918, recalled the story of "Old Balala," "Old Balala" was the famous chestnut warhorse whose rider was killed. And he never paused—just went right on—at the duty for which his master gave his life. And they never dispossessed the faithful beast. He was in it, riderless, as long as he lived. The Queen's Own adopted Balala and treasured him till his death. And the empty saddle was kept empty till he died.

Will Of The People

Is Main Thing About Democracy Dictators Do Not Like

The whole idea is that the world should be run by a few "supermen," assisted by their terrorist machinery and brute force, and that anybody who thinks differently from these "supermen" is an enemy of the state and must be "liquidated." Under this scheme of things democracies are doomed because they are based on the will of the people instead of on the will of the dictator. That is the real secret of Hitler's totalitarian hostility to democracy—Times of India.

Nearly two-thirds of the people of Greece live by farming.

Technique Of Parachutists

Matter Of First Importance To Study Their Methods

An announcement by the office of the director of post information says "it has become a matter of the first importance to study the methods adopted by German parachute troops, and to consider how they are dropped, how they are equipped and clothed, and what their objectives are."

The parachute troops are dropped to organize local "Fifth Columnists" and to arm them, to create panic and confusion and spread false news among civilians, to harass communication lines, to damage bridges, power stations, wireless and dump, and to give information to aircraft by means of signals.

The parachute troops are said to be able to jump safely from a height as little as 150 feet from planes travelling about 75 miles an hour. The planes often are about 1,000 feet apart, the aim apparently being to land a company within a space of 650 by 1,300 feet and to get it assembled within 15 minutes.

The uniform consists of a close-fitting steel helmet resembling some what a motorcyclist's crash helmet, a double-breasted tunic, and trousers of the plus-four type. The helmet is narrower than the normal German steel helmet and has neither neck shield nor peak. The blue-grey tunic is cut loose with the collar turned down and open at the neck, with no buttons showing. The trousers are tucked in over boots half-knee high and laced at the side. Each man wears gauntlet gloves.

The light equipment carried by each man includes hand grenades and a gun capable of firing 600 rounds a minute. Other weapons and equipment dropped in special containers attached to self-opening parachutes are filled with ammunition, rifles, field glasses, compasses, spades, smoke candles and wire.

Patrol of the entire country is given as the essential means of defence against parachutists.

Music By Faith

Brilliant Young Canadian Composer To Be Guest Conductor On International Networks Feature

Long noted for his brilliant performances over the Canadian Networks of one of Canada's leading composers of modern music, Percy Faith has recently completed arrangements to conduct several programmes for the Canadian Broadcasting Corporation. "Contented House," which commenced July 1st Toronto born and educated, Faith attended Jarvis Collegiate and the Toronto Conservatory of Music, beginning his studies in the latter institution when he was 11 years old. Noted for his "streamline" treatments of the classics, his programme, Music by Faith, has been one of the highlighted broadcasts of the C.B.C. He has also conducted such famous programmes as the World's Concerts, Stravinsky, Santa Lucia, and the Sea. Faith broke into radio in 1929 and later conducted the Fifth World Concert for which he wrote and arranged the music. The Royal Visit musical programme last year was under his supervision. His forte of taking stock scores and turning them into joyous, decorative, modern pictures in music has won him international recognition and today he is regarded as one of the most interesting and original of the younger generation musicians in Canada.

Refugees In Britain

Women From Holland Have Opportunity Of Building Homes

Women refugees from Holland are to be given the chance of building up homes for themselves and other refugees in mansion houses now lying empty in a Lancashire town.

They will be given money every week out of which they will buy the household provisions and fuel. The women will organize the housework, arrange for darning, mending and shoe repairs, and nurse refugee children and invalids.

In the care of one refugee housewife will be a two-year-old boy whose name is believed to be Kaufman, and who was found in the streets of Amsterdam just before the refugee ship sailed.

There is also a 20-year-old blind man to go to another house. He was a music teacher in Amsterdam and found his way to the quayside after hearing the bombs.

Can anyone imagine Hitler granting a defeated nation an honorable peace?

Lac la Ponge, big body of water in northern Saskatchewan, has a shore line of 1,500 miles. 2367

Food Problems

Health Value Of Fruits And Vegetables In Shortage

The subject of health value of Canadian foods, particularly fruits and vegetables, is receiving an increasing amount of attention and presents problems of national importance, said Dr. J. M. Swaine, Director, Science Service, Dominion Department of Agriculture, in a recent address on "Technical Agriculture in War Time." Discoveries made in the last few years have shown that the buoyant health of human beings, and also of domestic animals, depends in part on the consumption of small amounts of chemical substances called vitamins, whose importance until recently was almost completely unknown.

Canadian fruit and vegetables contain certain of these vitamins in sufficient amount if the products are wisely selected and properly prepared for the table. Research is continually bringing light new facts about these health substances, but more is required to be known before Canadian home-grown products can be utilized to the fullest advantage. It may be said that several Canadian laboratories are working on these problems at the present time, and, if the program that has been planned can be carried through to completion, a great deal more information on the health values of Canadian fruits and vegetables should be available before this year is over. There is a little doubt that the subject well deserves the attention of technical agriculture.

Require Something More

Not All Good Insurance Risks Can Qualify As Airmen

In theory, all males passed as fit by insurance examiners should be qualified for Air Force service, but excessive speeds, sudden changes in pressure, night flying and flying over oceans or bad country create stresses which require added assets.

This was disclosed in a paper given by Group Captain R. W. Ryan, R.A.F., before the section of military measures at the Canadian Medical Association's annual meeting in Toronto.

One of the first assets necessary, Capt. Ryan declared, is nervous stability, and any history of sick headaches, bilious attacks or spots before the eyes bars a candidate from flying. Sleep walking, after 10 years of age, is also a bar.

Careful attention is given to hobbies and sports of the applicants and those with successes in team play are preferable to those of the solitary type.

Capt. Ryan explained that the man of artistic temperament is not sought, although he said many men in this class are efficient members of the Air Force. It is necessary that a man's blood pressure be about normal and cases of rising blood pressure are limited to duty as a second pilot.

Slaughter Of Innocents

Economy Must Be Subjugated Before Any Talk Of Peace

It is difficult to believe at the present time, that there can be any reconciliation with the German people. The slaughter of innocents which they have carried through Poland, Holland, Belgium and parts of France, like their bombing of unarmed fishing boats, marks them as less than human. They have the force of men but they are possessed of devils with which there can be no compromise and no thought of peace except the peace of subjugation.

More than ever the truth of Churchill's words can be no survival without victory. And for the sake of future generations, that victory must not be frittered away in the peace—Toronto Telegram.

Movement Speeded Up

Every Eligible Man Is Needed For Air Training Program

"We want every man we can get," Flying Officer W. S. Lighthall of Ottawa, recruiting liaison officer for Canada with the Royal Canadian Air Force, declared at Calgary.

Outlining the tremendous training program ahead for Canadian airmen, he said 30,000 men to take to the front will be turned out each year by the assistance of another 40,000 in the ground schools. Flying Officer Lighthall said men are being called up fairly quickly now and the movement will be much faster from now on.

Good Rule To Follow

A distinguished woman recently made comment, "I learned a long time ago that when I left a mess I never had to regret or to be sorry for." This is a wholesome rule that applies equally to both sexes.

Educational Problems

Fitting The Student To Succeed In The World Of Business And Industry

Eighty-five per cent. of high school students never go to college or university. Yet for the most part secondary education is geared to meet the needs of the 15 per cent. who are academically minded. So thoughtful educators are pondering the problem of providing a better secondary curriculum—to provide the necessary education and training to enable boys and girls to make satisfactory adjustments in the world of business and industry after leaving their sheltered classrooms.

As the result of a partial survey it has been found that the high school girls and boys who had specific job training as part of their regular academic career were able to adjust themselves more readily to the outside world. Students who received an opportunity to assume self-direction and self-responsibility in school jobs found adjustment much easier afterward.

Substitute Cloth

Gloves And Coats Made From Fish Skins In Germany

German propaganda is making strenuous efforts to popularize fashions in fish-skins. Wool, cotton and leather running dangerously short, German technicians have been working on substitutes. Three special fashion institutes—one in Berlin, another in Vienna and a third in Frankfurt—have designers working out new styles.

Reproductions in the Frankfurt Zeitung show gloves and coats made from fish-pkins, shoes from flexible glass and suits from substitute cloth.

One Good Reason

A mother in a hurry to get away to town on a shopping trip had mislaid her purse and was searching for it high and low. She was agitated by her little daughter, aged five, who said, "At last, here it is!" exclaimed the owner. "I wonder why it is that one always finds a thing in the last place in which one hunts?"

"I expect, mother, it's because when we find a thing we stop hunting for it," remarked the child.

Every 10c Packet of

WILSON'S FLY PADS

WILL KILL MORE FLIES THAN SEVERAL DOLLARS WORTH OF ANY OTHER FLY KILLER

10c WHY PAY MORE

Best of all fly killers. Clean, quick, sure, cheap. Ask your Drug, Grocer or General Store.

THE WILSON FLY PAD CO., HAMILTON, ONT.

Honored By King George

Titles Have Been Conferred On Five French Officers

Announcement was made that the King had conferred honors upon five French officers.

The title of Knight Commander of the Order of the Bath (K.C.B.) was conferred upon Admiral Jean Abrial, naval commander of the Dunkirk evacuation, and General Georges Blanchard, commander of the Allied armies in Flanders.

General Benoit and General de la Laurencie were named Knight Commanders of the British Empire (K.B.E.), and General Marie-Emile Bethouard a Companion of the Order of the Bath (C.B.). General Bethouard commanded the forces in the Namias area of Norway.

Figure It Out

Motorist Drives Good Part Of Way

Scribner's Commentator Magazine gives us this information:

What's in a wink? Well, that has its pros and cons but to a scientist it's an operation of the eye which requires one-fifth of a second, and occurs 25 times a minute. This may mean next to nothing to the layman, but actually means that if you are driving at an average of 25 miles an hour, you will drive a total of about 10½ miles with your eyes shut.

She FIRED the MAID..

but ...FORGOT THE WAXED PAPER

Insist on PARA-SANI

The maid was lax in her methods of handling foods, so she let her out. But though ever so fussy about clean dishes, she forgot that waxed paper too must be unquestionably pure.

Don't make the same mistake—waxed paper makes intimate contact with what you eat.

Para-Sani PURE-HEAVY WAXED PAPER

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APPLAUD BRITISH ACTION AGAINST FRENCH FLEET

New York.—The New York Herald Tribune said there can be "no doubt" as to history's verdict on the action of Prime Minister Churchill in ordering the British fleet against the French fleet and added that there can be "even less" as to that of the United States.

Approving the British action, the newspaper said editorially: "It has shown the British democracy at last capable of acting in its own defence with the pre-emptory decision, the bold disregard of small fears and traditional forms, the aggressive power to grasp the fundamental of the situation and the effective will to victory which the Nazis themselves have displayed."

"And the British action has at the same time thrown the total moral bankruptcy of the Vichy government into a memorable and inescapable relief. The government which could betray its ally as this government did and then convert itself into the tool, which this episode shows it to be, of Nazi conquest, is no longer France."

"Great Britain... is fighting now for her life. Those who are with her are with her; those who are against may take their chances with whatever future Hitler may allot them, but they will not matter for Great Britain now has the moral strength to which all free men—Frenchmen or free Germans or Americans—can respond."

"Great Britain has found at last the one thing which the democratic powers have lacked through all these fantastic years—the will to fight regardless of the consequences, the will to victory whatever the costs, the will to take over whatever risks are necessary."

"That spirit entitles them to every aid which this country can give them, and it means that the struggle, entered upon this heroic plane, can yet be won."

The New York Times declared editorially: "Whatever bitterness will be caused in France by this tragedy piled upon a vast tragedy, far-famed opinion will agree that the British were right in what they did. The Boston Globe, in addition to approving the British action, expressed commendation for Mr. Churchill personally in saying: 'This latest decision shows he still possesses the courage and audacity for needed decisions.'"

Said the Kansas City Star: "In the circumstances, the British were forced to move swiftly. The terms they offered were entirely fair, and most responsible Americans will cheer the Churchill government for resorting to the desperate measures that it took to meet the emergency."

Baltimore Evening Sun: "The tragedy of the British naval action to prevent the French fleet from getting into German hands is that it must appear to many as a bitter fight among hitherto faithful allies. Actually, of course, the French fleet was a bitter enemy of the British through the mouths of French, who have no choice but to utter them."

Washington Evening Star: "It is tragic, of course, that events should have precipitated the shooting spectacle of French and British warships, so recently allied in a common cause, engaging in mortal combat. But for England to have stood by supinely while French warships were being delivered into the hands of an unscrupulous enemy, whose record of treachery is notorious, would have been beyond comprehension."

Battling Forest Fires

Forestry Officials Describe Situation in British Columbia As Serious

Vancouver, B.C.—Forestry officials described British Columbia's forest fire situation as "mighty hazardous" as nearly 500 men fought a dozen blazes throughout the province, after nearly a month without effective rainfall.

More than 100 men were battling a 1,000-acre blaze at Horse Lake, between Alberni and Qualicum. Another 75 struggled to control a blaze near Cowichan Lake. At Cranbrook, ashes were swept into the town from a fire raging over a stretch seven miles long and three and a half miles wide near Lumerton, B.C., southwest of Cranbrook. More than 200 men were fighting it.

Falkland Islands Help

London.—Legislative council of the Falkland Islands has decided to transfer stock valued at £50,000 (\$222,000) to the British government for the purchase of warplanes, the colonial office was advised by the governor.

Canadian Troops

Recommend They Be Chosen For Defence Of Britain

London.—Lord Mottistone, who as "Jack" Seely commanded the Canadian cavalry in the first Great War, suggested in the house of lords that Canadian troops should be chosen to engage the enemy if the lands in Britain because of their "more novel conception of warfare."

He recommended the Canada soldiers not because he served with them in the last war for 3½ years and so knew their value, but because amongst these Canadian divisions and this also applies to other divisions overseas where there are wider spaces—there are people with more novel conception of warfare."

Lord Mottistone said he had made the suggestion to a Canadian officer with a distinguished record, who had replied "That just suits me."

He was introducing a motion in the upper house asking the government to take prompt action to increase the offensive power and equipment of the citizens of Britain. Equipment had been greatly increased, he declared, but the "method of an invasion needed more consideration."

"I've seen ridiculous tank traps, barbed wire and so on along the beaches which would prevent our people from going down to engage the enemy," he said. "What's the good of that?"

Lord Mottistone suggested that an Australian division be given the job of dealing with enemy troops attempting to land from the air.

Owned By Government

War Tool Company Organized As Non-Profit Public Enterprise

Ottawa.—Particulars of the newly-created Citadel Merchandising Company Limited, an organization formed to ensure the supply of machine tools and other equipment essential to war industry, were announced by Munitions Minister C. D. Howe.

The company, although fully-owned by the government, is operated as a non-profit, private organization with offices in Montreal and with representative offices in Ottawa and New York. Citadel Merchandising now is in full operation co-ordinating production and procurement of machine tools in Canada to assist firms occupied with war orders to obtain adequate supplies of equipment.

While Citadel Merchandising Company operates under the direct supervision of Mr. Howe, it is administered by the following directors, all of whom serve without remuneration: Thomas Arnold, chairman, Manitoba Steel Foundries Ltd., president; L. J. Belnap, president, Consolidated Paper Corp. Ltd., vice-president; J. Joseph, president, Canadian Cement Company Ltd.; C. S. Gravel, director, Bell Telephone Co. of Canada; F. K. Morrow, director, Ogilvie Flour Mills Co. Ltd.

Decorated By King George

Widow Of Captain Warburton-Lee Receives Victoria Cross

London.—King George decorated with the Victoria Cross the widow of Capt. B. A. W. Warburton-Lee, who commanded the British destroyer flotilla in the first battle of Narvik last April 10 when German invaders Norway.

Warburton-Lee ordered the attack on German-held Narvik when the admiralty put him on his own. A shell hit the bridge of his ship, the destroyer Hardy, and wounded him mortally. The Hardy was run aground and the Hunter was sunk and two other destroyers were damaged, but the Germans lost six supply ships, one destroyer was torpedoed and three others were set afire.

Alberta Enlistments

Edmonton.—Enlistments for the Royal Canadian Air Force in Edmonton during June more than trebled those of the previous month, it was revealed in figures released here. The total number for June was 196 men for all classes. Of this number 37 were aircrewmen and the remainder were mainly highly skilled clerks and mechanics.

Want To Serve

London.—An "amazon defence corps" has been formed to teach women how to use rifles. Mrs. Venetia Foster, wife of a British naval officer and a leader of the "Amazons," said she hoped to persuade the government to permit women to serve with local defence volunteers as home guards.

For the first time in the history of the law school at Melbourne University, Australia, highest honors in scholarships have been won by a woman.

MAD SCRAMBLE FOR LIFE BOATS AS PRISON SHIP SINKS

London.—One thousand persons were estimated to have drowned in the torpedoing of Ireland by a German submarine of the Canada-bound big British liner Arandora Star, jammed with German and Italian internees. The liner was taking the interned Germans and Italians to the Dominion, where a group of war prisoners arrived just recently. Many survivors said a "hysterical scramble" and "cattle-like behavior" of the internees in their efforts to push into lifeboats were responsible for the heavy casualties.

"Germans and Italians fought and kicked each other in efforts to save their own necks," said a Welsh soldier who was aboard as a guard. "The Huns were the worst offenders. Scores of them had to be forcibly restrained."

It was not known for certain whether a German or an Italian submarine destroyed the liner. But the fact the sinking was reported in the Berlin communiqué indicated a German craft was responsible.

The Arandora Star was relatively small but one of the world's finest and most luxurious cruising vessels before the war.

She was used for round-the-world cruises annually and also made a spring trip to the West Indies, a Christmas trip to the Mediterranean and an autumn Baltic cruise.

At the peak of her glory she had a garden deck, magnificent period rooms and a swimming pool.

British United Press said hundreds of lives were lost when the Germans and Italians battled in wild panic to escape in the lifeboats after the torpedoing. The ship was torpedoed without warning.

One report said that at least 986 German and Italian aliens were drowned. Aboard the ship were about 1,500 German and Italian aliens, rounded up in wholesale lots in the British Isles to curb fifth column activities. There was also a crew of 300 and 200 British military men on board. Of the 2,000 total, about one-half are unaccounted for.

Survivors describe how Germans and Italians "fought like wild men" for places in the small boats. One German hit an Italian on the head with a iron bar in the scramble for a lifeboat, according to one of 600 survivors landed at a British port.

One British survivor said: "It seemed that the ship was hit only once, but the effect was devastating. The sides caved in and whole compartments were destroyed. We cursed, and the Germans and Italians more than cursed that U-boat."

Survivors praised one gallant German who was in a lifeboat which overturned. "He took command of the situation," a crew member reported. "He marshalled the others in the water, righted the boat and then swam around rescuing those who couldn't swim."

Others among the prisoners, however, scrambled so violently for positions in the boats, according to one crew member that many of the British soldiers and sailors had no chance to get into them and had to jump and trust to luck.

BRITAIN'S MILITARY LEADERS CONFER



Sir John Dill, left, Chief of the Imperial General Staff, and Viscount Gort, Commander-in-Chief of the British Expeditionary Force, discuss the present situation while on their way to No. 10 Downing Street for a meeting with the War Council.

NEXT TO DILL



A new portrait of Major General Robert Haining, who has been appointed vice-chief of the Imperial General Staff, replacing General Sir John Greer Dill, who has been moved up to chief of the general staff.

Oath Of Allegiance

Not Expected To Be Obstacle To Enlistment Of Americans

Ottawa.—Possible loss of citizenship through taking the oath of allegiance to the King is not expected to prove a serious obstacle to enlistment of American citizens in the armed forces of Canada it was learned.

Some modifications in enlistment procedure are understood to have been made with a view to meeting the personal problem which confronts an American volunteer when he is asked to take the oath.

Officials of the national defence department declined to say what changes were being made but intimated the problem of the oath of allegiance had been solved, so far as enlistment was concerned.

Coastal Defence

Royal Canadian Army Service Corps To Assist In This Work

Ottawa.—Marking another development in the changing organization of the Canadian army, fortress companies of the Royal Canadian Army Service Corps have been formed to assist in coastal defence—some 150 men in each.

Four companies have been mobilized and are located at Halifax, Sydney, Saint John, Vancouver and Victoria. One company is divided between the two Pacific coast cities. These new units are composed of electrical and mechanical workers who will be on duty in the various coastal defence forts.

May Have Free Postage

Ottawa.—Members of Canada's fighting forces now in the United Kingdom probably will be able to send mail back to Canada free of postage before long. Negotiations are underway between the Canadian and British governments and some definite decision likely will be reached soon.

Narrow Escape

R.A.F. Observer Thrown Out Of Plane, But Clings To Door

London.—An air ministry bulletin told of the hair-breadth escape of an observer in a Royal Air Force bomber during a night raid over Hamburg when oil storage tanks were attacked successfully.

Bursting shrapnel from anti-aircraft guns blew open the door of one attacking aircraft, almost hurling the observer into space. He hung on grimly to the edge of the door.

"Some moments later he was with difficulty pulled back into the aircraft, suffering from slight shock but otherwise unharmed," said the bulletin. "Later he was able to resume his duties."

The crew of the first aircraft over the target reported that "our first two bombs missed by 100 yards but the third registered a hit, which was followed by a fine explosion."

Pilots of another R.A.F. plane returning from a raid over Germany descended on the sea on account of engine trouble. The plane was ordered to get out an SOS before the machine submerged, the air ministry related. The crew scrambled out into their dinghy, and finally was picked up by a rescue launch after 13½ hours on the water.

BRITISH FLEET IN GRIM BATTLE WITH THE FRENCH NAVY

London.—Guns of the British fleet blasted French warships that refused to surrender in north African waters, Prime Minister Winston Churchill told the House of Commons in disclosing that Britain had seized three French battleships, six cruisers, eight destroyers and many smaller vessels, including the world's largest submarine, the Surcouf.

The fate of the French ships was listed as follows by the prime minister:

At Oran—A battleship of the 28-000 Bretagne type was sunk; a ship-ships was heavily damaged; two destroyers and an aircraft carrier sunk or burning. The battle cruiser Strasbourg or Dunkerque hit by a torpedo but, with some other French warships, fled and reached Toulon.

In British ports—two French battleships, two light cruisers, a number of submarines and about 200 smaller craft were seized. One French battleship and a British sailor were killed and two British sailors and one French sailor were wounded in taking over the 2,880-ton Surcouf.

In Alexandria—a French battleship, four cruisers and a number of smaller ships were held in port on British orders.

About 800 or 900 French sailors have joined up with the British as have a number of submarines, Churchill said, and such French warships are not in British hands will be relentlessly pursued.

Churchill, his eyes filling with tears as he completed the story of British naval war against France, said that he feared a heavy loss of life among the French at Oran because of the power of the British attack.

As a result of the operations, he said, a large part of the French fleet has fallen into British hands or been put out of action, while "the Italian fleet kept prudently out of the way."

"We shall take the necessary steps to maintain command of the Mediterranean," Churchill said just before commons went into secret session.

The prime minister again denied that there was any talk of peace with Germany.

The British attack was accompanied by heavy attacks from aircraft from the Ark Royal.

"A battle cruiser of the Strasbourg class was damaged and ran ashore. A battleship of the Bretagne class was sunk and another heavily damaged."

"Two French destroyers and an airplane carrier were sunk or burning."

"One battle cruiser, either the Strasbourg or Dunkerque, succeeded in sailing out of the harbor pursued by aircraft. She was hit by one torpedo but was joined by other French vessels, all of which reached Toulon before they could be overtaken."

"The Dunkerque will at any rate be out of action for many months to come."

"The French ships fought with the characteristic courage of the French." "I fear the loss of life among the French and in the harbor must have been heavy as we were compelled to use very severe measures and immense explosions were observed."

"None of the British ships was affected in gunpower or mobility by the heavy fire."

BOMB EXPLOSION CAUSES HAVOC AT WORLD'S FAIR

New York.—A bomb-throwing bomb, disguised as a portable radio, killed two detectives and injured five others—two critically—after they had rushed it from his hiding place in the British pavilion at the New York World's Fair.

The blast tore a hole five feet wide and four feet deep in the ground of a little-used plot, smashed two huge glass windows in the dining salon of the Polish pavilion, 15 yards away, and ripped the clothing from the bodies of its mangled victims.

The explosion shook the lower end of the foreign section of the fair and sent fear through the holiday crowd of more than 168,000 visitors.

The bomb—police said it was a time-device—spread destruction only two days after a mysterious voice in a telephone call had ordered the British pavilion switchboard operator to "get out of the building, we're going to blow it up."

Killed in the blast were Detectives James J. Lynch of the Bronx and Ferdinand S. Scobee of Brooklyn. In critical condition were Detective William J. Federer, 26, of Queens, and Joseph Gallagher of Brooklyn.

Legs of both men were broken, each was severely burned and cut, and Gallagher's skull possibly was fractured.

The bomb had been secreted in the fan room on the second floor of the pavilion.

It had been there since the previous day, ignored, because an employee believed it belonged to a charwoman.

William Strachan, the pavilion's head electrician, took the case to Cyril Rawlings, assistant to the British commissioner-general, Cecil M. Pickthall.

"I heard a ticking noise," said Rawlings, who notified police.

The bomb was taken by them to a spot in the rear of the British pavilion and placed against a heavy wire mesh fence.

Curious fair-goers were kept away from the case with difficulty.

Police discovered a cardboard box within the case, and were preparing to continue their examination when the blast occurred.

Some police 50 feet away were burned in the sheet of flames that spread farwise over the ground, and others were wounded by flying splinters of metal. Pieces of clothing were blown 75 yards from the spot. Nearly all were knocked flat.

A salesgirl in the Polish candy shop, Josephine Chmiel, who witnessed the blast, said "it was a terrible explosion." "There were five men near the bomb when it went off. All of them were hit. Then three were lying down, two were trying to crawl away, holding their faces. Oh, it was horrible."

Adequate Labor Supply

Matter Of Great Importance For Carrying On War Work

Ottawa.—Stressing the necessity of training along the right lines in order to maintain an adequate labor supply for war industries, the labor minister, Hon. Norman MacLarty, told members of the National Labor Supply council that the situation in Europe made Canada increasingly important as a centre of production of war materials. He said the transfer of labor from non-war to war industry might be considered as a matter of great importance.

The advisory council held its first meeting under chairmanship of A. J. Hills, chief of personnel of the Canadian National Railways, and laid the ground work for future deliberations.

Refugee Money

Foaming Across Atlantic From War-Harassed Europe

New York.—Tales of a great trek of refugee money across the Atlantic from war-harassed Europe are hidden behind banking figures, showing billions deposited in big Wall Street banks had swollen to record-breaking totals.

Mid-year condition statements disclosed deposits in the Chase National bank alone had increased to \$3,190,823,000 compared with \$3,060,769,000 at the end of March and \$2,698,486,000 a year ago.

In mid-year 1935, Chase deposits amounted to \$1,302,000,000 at the turn before the big climb from the depression lows and the start of the foreign money shift from Europe.

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

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W. J. BARTLETT, PUBLISHER

Blairmore, Alta., Fri., July 12, 1940

ALBERTA STANDS FIRST

"Alberta stands first in Canada in provincial organization under the nation-wide War Savings plan," John Burns, chairman of the war savings committee for Alberta, stated recently on his return from a business trip west, in the course of which he conferred with the national war savings committee in Ottawa.

Mr. Burns added that the national committee was most pleased with the work already done in Alberta, and with the whole plan developed in this province, to be completed in the near future.

"However, we must not be satisfied," the provincial chairman cautioned, "especially in view of these recent developments in Europe, Britain is now the last European bulwark of freedom. Here at home the meaning of our war savings slogan in Alberta, 'Democracy or Dictatorship—Which?' has more fully been brought home to us."

"It looks like a long pull. Neither those who have accepted responsibility in the work, nor the people of Alberta, can afford to slack up after first enthusiasm. When we have reached any mark we have set for ourselves, we must set a higher mark. Canada needs our dollars now, and we will need them later. The big thing right now, and until the war is won, is for us all to become War Savers to the hilt, and keep at it."

Mr. Burns expressed warm appreciation of the scores of volunteers, through whom the aim was being achieved of establishing active war savings committees in every town in the province.

WORK OF CANADA'S GRAIN HANDLING SYSTEM OUTLINED

"Prairie Sentinels" is the title of an attractive booklet, which has just been issued. This booklet deals with handling and movement of Canada's grain crop and should be in the library of every farmer's home.

In its opening pages, "Prairie Sentinels" reviews the early history of wheat growing in Canada. The functions of the board of grain commissioners are outlined and details are given concerning the methods which farmers may use in handling their grain at country elevators. The functions of the terminal elevator and the exporter in the movement of the wheat crop are reviewed, and information on the cost of handling and transporting grain is given. Salient facts taken from reports of various royal commissions which have investigated the grain trade since 1899, are quoted, as well as commendation which has been given Canada's grain handling system by farm leaders.

An interesting section of "Prairie Sentinels" deals with the United Kingdom market, and the growing and use of wheat in other lands. The booklet is attractively illustrated throughout. The North-West Line Elevators Association has made available to farmers in concise form information of much value. In addition to being of use to the farmer, "Prairie Sentinels" should be in the hands of every school child. Copies may be obtained free of charge from any line elevator agent or by writing to the North-West Line Elevators Association, Winnipeg.

SUBSCRIBE TODAY!

NEWS FROM EDMONTON

(T. B. Windross)

Edmonton, July 9.—The Alberta government suffered two serious setbacks in its legislative policy during the past week. Most serious of these setbacks was the side-tracking of the much vaunted bill to grant a charter for a provincial bank to the government. Parliament at Ottawa, assisted by the Social Credit members themselves, talked the measure out of the house, where it must remain for this session, it is thought.

But, the interesting thing is that the attempt to get a bank charter granted has revealed some of the plans in connection with the bank policy which the Aberhart government, true to its dictatorial character, have tried to keep secret up to now.

Incorporation of a provincial bank along lines proposed by the Aberhart government met with strong objection in both government and Conservative sections of parliament. The bill came up for second reading under the provisions for a private members' hour promised by Prime Minister King, and the debate the bill aroused caused it to be "talked out."

Col. Ralston, finance minister, moved that the "subject matter of the bill" be referred to the standing committee on banking and commerce for consideration and report, but this plan was rendered void by the time limit on debate.

In introducing the bill, J. H. Blackmore, New Democracy leader, of Lethbridge, went over the whole of the Alberta government's record of alleged successes under Premier Aberhart's leadership. He once again awakened the old fallacy of the Aberhart government being "the only government not increasing its province's debt."

Mr. Blackmore claimed the Aberhart government had dealt realistically with the province's debt problem, by applying the principle of adjusting the debt to the debtor's capacity to pay. But he failed to make it clear that in this case it was the debtor refusing to pay what he could and not the creditor adjusting the debt according to the ability to pay. He closed his eyes, apparently, to the dictatorial and arbitrary methods followed by the Aberhart administration in the matter of its obligations to its creditors.

No mention was made in the province's claims of the fact that the Aberhart government had neglected, or refused outright to consider any plan for compromise on its debt proposed by bondholders or other financial interests involved. Mr. Blackmore made no reference to the fact that the Aberhart administration in true style—Aberhartian preferred to be boss—even of its creditors.

The main objection of the bill applying for a bank charter for Alberta on the part of the Dominion government was that it was to be a charter permitting privileges outside the provisions of the federal banking act.

Colonel Ralston objected that the bill proposed to "make parliament, in effect, a rubber stamp for the lieutenant-governor-in-council of Alberta, in that the members of the executive council are to be directors of the bank." The bank act requires that the selection of the directors and officers of a bank must be made on the ground of specific qualifications.

The finance minister said: "You might as well consider incorporating the board of trustees of any church or society, for the time being in office as directors of a bank." It is remarked by observers in Edmonton, that Colonel Ralston was nearer the mark in that statement than appeared at a glance. At least two of the directors of the proposed bank would be officials past or present of a Calgary religious organization unconnected with any regular church organization.

The second slap received by the Aberhart government during the week came from the supreme court of appeal, when the decision on the government's appeal on the Alberta debt adjustment act was turned down in a judgment written by Mr.

Justice Ford. The appeal was brought from a judgment of Mr. Justice Ewing, who held that the section of the act dealing with negotiable papers was outside the powers of the Alberta legislature.

The act was attacked in an action heard in Calgary last November, when the Atlas Lumber Company, Limited, sought a permit under terms of the act to collect a promissory note for \$1,000 from G. C. Winstanley. The trial judge ruled that the company could proceed with action for the collection of this money without a permit from the debt adjustment board. This ruling was upheld by the court of appeals.

Observers are remarking that it is just one more illustration of the amateurish, ill-conceived and ill-advised legislation put on the statutes by the Aberhart government. The Social Credit government is either overruling its legal advisers in formulating its legislation, or else it is being advised by inexperienced and amateur lawyers, in the opinion of a large section of the public. Observers say this explains the many ultra vires acts passed by Premier Aberhart's administration. Other observers point to the fact that there is no legally-trained attorney-general in office in Alberta, and that accounts for much. Whatever Premier Aberhart knows about the Bible, he is no lawyer.

STEEL FINER THAN

HUMAN HAIR

Steel wool, the strands of which are sometimes finer than human hair, is being manufactured in Britain night and day to satisfy the double demand of national defence and export.

It is used extensively as an abrasive in engineering processes and in air conditioning apparatus for air-raid shelters. But since the war British steel wool has been in increasing demand by overseas users, who require it for the purely peaceful and domestic purposes of cleaning pots and pans, polishing parquet floors, clothing, glass, and even removing stains from highly polished furniture without scratching the surface.

Germany was formerly a big exporter of steel wool for these purposes, and since hostilities began, merchants in South America have turned their demands to Britain; increasingly large orders have also come from Palestine, Iraq, Turkey, Greece, and even Ireland.

Housewives all over the world who are coming to regard a pad of steel wool as an inevitable part of their equipment probably do not realize that although it is so simple to use the process of manufacture is highly technical, involving intricate and costly precision machinery.

Each wool-making machine has several hundred mechanical cutters working side by side, some cutters with as many as 300 teeth crowded into 25 millimeters of space. Human hair is appreciably coarser than steel wool cut under these conditions.

The most up to date steel wool plants in the world are in England and Scotland.

FLASHLIGHTS, PLEASE

When next you send a parcel. To your good friends "Over There," Please get some nice new flashlights And wrap them up with care.

Then add some bulbs and batteries. For these are needed, too, And they will help our friends as much.

In the work they have to do, A "Blackout" must be awful, For no one likes the dark; We bless the little flashlight For its friendly glowing spark.

So gather up the torches, And send them to your friends, Then they will have some brightness As soon as dark descends.

—"Homemaker" Page, Globe & Mail, Toronto.

Several hermits and other creatures were disturbed during the week in the cleaning up of a local premises.

George: "I hear your wife had an accident while out with your car. Any damage done?"

Jerry: "Only some paint knocked off both."

COUNTER CHECK BOOKS—order them at The Enterprise office at the same price as you can get them at the factory, or from a traveller. Keep as much money as you can in Blairmore.

Clifford Chappell, of Vancouver, had a four-day holiday the early part of the week, and spent practically the whole time here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Chappell. Cliff is a ground mechanic with the T.C.A. and made the journey both ways by plane. He was met by Mr. Chappell in Lethbridge on Sunday, returning on Wednesday. "Bill" figured he could reach home in Blairmore before his son arrived in Vancouver, but the best he could do was a tie.

Jack is fearing a blitzkrieg.

Ye editor returned on Tuesday, after attending the sessions of the C. W. N. A. in Calgary.

Shop Where You Are Invited to Shop

Every advertisement in this paper is a printed invitation to you. Obey that impulse.

FANTIN & DEZORZI, Agents, BLAIRMORE, ALTA.

OFFERS PLAN OF SACRIFICE
TO AID WAR FINANCE

A naturalized Canadian of Italian birth has submitted to the minister of finance a novel plan to further help will offerings to Canada's war cause.

He is employed in the Canadian National Railway shops at Winnipeg and is voluntarily working for the pay of an army private. All he earns above this will go to the department of finance as voluntary contribution to war effort.

"For some time past," he writes to the minister of finance, "a plan has been formulating in my mind, and realizing the grave situation the Allied forces are facing, I feel compelled to hesitate no longer in presenting to you my plan for your kind consideration.

"I will state at the outset that I am a naturalized Canadian of Italian birth.

"I feel, together with several of my fellow workers in the Canadian National shops in Winnipeg that at the present time I am of more value to the country in remaining at work in the shops. However, because I am single and have no one dependent upon me, I feel that it would be taking advantage of the grave situation at hand to continue to work at home in perfect safety, drawing a monthly salary, while others are sacrificing so much. I feel, therefore, that it is my duty to do as much as I possibly can to support the government's war effort.

"Therefore, my plan is to work on the basis of a private in the army, turning the balance of my wages every month to the Government of Canada for the duration of the war. I ask nothing in return at the end of the war."

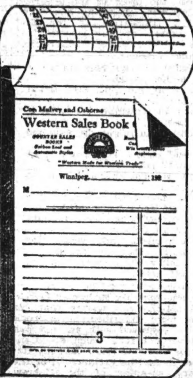
The writer of the letter makes this further suggestion:

"In discussing this proposal with my fellow-workers, we have come to the conclusion that, in all probability, there are many more throughout Canada who could, and would, be glad to do likewise if the idea were presented, request."

Now we can serve
by SAVING!



BUY
WAR SAVINGS
CERTIFICATES



Agents

The Blairmore Enterprise

to them for consideration. I have wondered whether a campaign to this end might be launched by the government."

With the letter was forwarded a testimonial from the writer's employer referring to him as a "steady and conscientious worker, willing to do anything that is required of him and even exceeding the requirements of a

R.C.A.M.C. IN ENGLAND
HAS FINE HOSPITAL

Described as the finest in England, a military hospital, built and fully equipped by the Canadian Red Cross Society, will shortly be turned over to the Royal Canadian Army Medical Corps to be staffed and made ready to receive injured, or ailing members of the Canadian Active Service Force.

Situated on a private estate, leased for a nominal rental of one shilling a year, the fine, reinforced brick structure will accommodate with ease 60 officers and 480 men. Its capacity can be stretched to 750 in cases of emergency. The cost of the building and equipment is set at approximately \$1,000,000.

Col. C. L. T. Arthur, well-known

Winnipeg doctor and a veteran of the Great War, will staff the hospital with men of the R.C.A.M.C.

The hospital is laid out around a two-storey administration block. All other buildings are one storey only. Corridors connect the administration block with all other sections. These include a special laboratory to be used by Sir Frederick Banting and completed to his own requirements. The hospital has all the complements of a modern establishment, including X-ray rooms, dispensaries, three operating theatres, fine kitchen and dining rooms.

TRY OUR SOCIETY PRINTING

TEN LITTLE CHISELS

Ten little chisels, cuttin' all the time;
One cut a little more, then there were only nine.
Nine little chisels, feeling kinda great;
One forgot overhead, then there were eight.
Eight little chisels, locking up to heaven;
One took a credit risk, now there's only seven.
Seven little chisels, thought they couldn't mix;
One quit the association, now it leaves six.
Six little chisels, all still alive;
One cut the price again, now we have only five.
Five little chisels, cryin' for more;
One couldn't pay his bills, now we have only four.
Four little chisels, all full of glee;
One forgot the pattern, so we have only three.
Three little chisels, don't know what to do;
One met a low price, now they're only two.
Two little chisels, cuttin' by gum;
One cut the other's throat, now we have only one.
One little chisel, left without a penny;
He can't cut no more, so now we haven't any.

—Anonymous.

Rev. E. Erskine Pow's first sermon at Pincher Creek was on the subject "The Lure of the Hills."

Chas. Freeman has as his guests this week his brother-in-law and sister, Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Welner, of Drumheller.

We have been notified this week of a general increase in the cost of paper, to become effective very soon. Look up your stationery and office printing now and order early while we can supply you at the regular prices.

HAVE IT
PRINTED



TASTE WHAT A
Difference
THERE IS IN
Bright's
CONCORD AND CATAWBA

Bright's Wines are never bottled until they have been fully aged in Bright's immense wine cellars (capacity 4 1/2 million gallons). There is no substitute for AGE

IN GALLONS \$3.00
and in 26 oz. and 50 oz. BOTTLES

This advertisement is not inserted by the Alberta Liquor Control Board or by the Government of the Province of Alberta.

Buy War Savings Certificates — Help Win the War —

A STATEMENT ON FORD
WAR WORK IN CANADA

This Company is in the war to the full limit of its resources. Until the British Empire is victorious, until the battle for freedom of nations and liberty of peoples is won, we have pledged all the vast manufacturing facilities of our Canadian and overseas affiliated companies to the service of the Empire.

We regard this to be our simple duty as a Canadian institution, one of the industrial resources of the Dominion. The 8,400 employees in our plants as well as our widespread dealer and service organization from coast to coast are Canadian. The Company's shareholders include a large proportion of Canadian investors. No one individual, family or company has a majority control of our shares.

For these reasons, aside from our deep feeling of loyalty to the Empire and its high purposes, it is fitting that Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited should give whole-hearted support to the national war effort.

From the very beginning this has been our course. Even before war was declared, in co-operation with officers of the Department of National Defence, we laid in our plant the groundwork of military production. Since conflict became a reality we have given war orders precedence over everything else. More than fifty per cent of our production is in vehicles for military use and this percentage is increasing rapidly.

We are now engaged in supplying approximately 35,000 motorized vehicles of many types, of which 10,000 are for the Canadian government and 25,000 for other Empire governments.

We are constructing at our own expense a \$700,000

plant addition to provide facilities for the building of Universal machine gun carriers of which we have undertaken to deliver fifty a week to the Canadian government as soon as production can be started. This addition will also enable us to increase production of other types of military vehicles. Our affiliated companies with plants in South Africa, Australia, New Zealand, India and Malaya are similarly engaged in Empire service.

Beyond our manufacturing facilities we have been fortunate able to contribute skilled man-power. From our Canadian and overseas organization, engineers and men with special training in transport and other lines are rendering valuable service.

Major adjustments in our business have been necessary through loss of export trade and because of domestic taxation. We have made these adjustments cheerfully. Our concern now is the successful prosecution of this war so that people of all nations may again be able to work in freedom and peace.

W. M. Chaffee
PRESIDENT

FORD MOTOR COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED

Statement in Parliament by the Hon. C. D. Howe, Minister of Munitions and Supply

"The president of the Canadian Company has shown perhaps as keen a desire to assist in Canada's war effort as any citizen of this Dominion has done. His corporation since the outbreak of the war has done and is doing very important work for Canada's war effort, in the way of building motor transports and Universal carriers. The company has placed itself entirely in the hands of the government as to the terms of the contract which it has had.

"A contract, providing for a fixed price as low as we could find any basis for asking, was worked out; an overriding provision was inserted that the books of the company would be audited and if the stipulated price produced a profit more than a very low percentage indeed, that price would be scaled down accordingly. In other words, the work of the Ford Motor Company of Canada, its attitude toward the war, and its ability to assist in Canada's war effort, have been so far as I have been able to observe, beyond criticism."

Statement in Senate by Senator Raoul Dandurand, Government Leader in the Senate

"Ford Motor Company of Canada is doing its utmost to serve the interests of the country, the War Supply Board and the Government."

Statement in the Senate by Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen, Conservative Leader in the Senate

"They (Ford dealers in Canada) are numbered in the hundreds. And the number of employees of these dealers is very large. The ramifications are tremendous. For all the purposes concerning us, the Company is a Canadian concern, and I can add to the assurance given by the honourable leader of the House my own feeling that there are no better Canadians than those at the head of the Ford Motor Company of Canada and throughout that Company's organization. They will assist us to the utmost in our war work."

Women's Auxiliary Motor Service

Early in the war the Ford Motor Company of Canada, Limited, organized free training courses for women in the care and operation of motor vehicles for possible war service. 284 such classes have been conducted, with an enrollment of 7,343. The number who have completed the eight-week course is 3,473, with 2,656 now under instruction and 1,214 enrolled in new classes about to start. All instruction and equipment has been furnished by Ford dealers and the Company without charge.

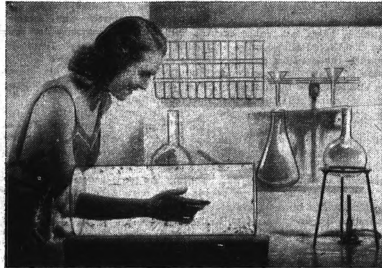
Types of Motorized Vehicles for

Military Use Being Made
by Ford Motor Company of Canada

The Company is engaged in manufacturing 35,000 motorized vehicles for Canadian and overseas governments. They include light two-wheel drive trucks, known as 8-cwt., which are used for carrying light stores, personnel or wireless sets; 15-cwt. units, used to transport heavier

loads, personnel, as anti-tank gun tractors, water tank carriers, etc.; 30-cwt. four-wheel drive, used as load carriers; three-ton, four and six wheels, for heavy loads, for workshops, for wrecking equipment, etc.; four-wheel drive gun tractors used to haul artillery, as well as ambulances and regular passenger cars and station wagons specially fitted and painted for army purposes. Present schedule of deliveries of these military vehicles constitutes more than 50 per cent of the Company's production. The plant is working day and night.

Mosquitoes didn't like her!



This young Toronto lady plunged her bare arm into a glass case containing two hundred mosquitoes. Half an hour later she withdrew her arm—without one mosquito bite. The reason? She had applied an insect repellent lotion which makes mosquitoes, black flies etc. stay away from the skin of both humans and animals. University scientists discovered this harmless, non-toxic formula which fortunately has a pleasant odour.

A Big Bargain

We have completed arrangements with The Calgary Herald, by which we are able to offer

THE CALGARY DAILY HERALD

AND

THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE

Both for 1 Year \$8.60

To THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE,
Blairmore, Alberta.

I enclose herewith the sum of EIGHT DOLLARS and SIXTY CENTS in payment of Subscriptions to The Calgary Daily Herald and The Blairmore Enterprise, both for one year. The papers are to be addressed as follows:

Subscriber's
NAME

ADDRESS

MAIL COUPON TODAY TO
THE BLAIRMORE ENTERPRISE
Blairmore, Alberta

ENJOY ITS GENUINE MINT FLAVOR



GET SOME TODAY!

The Park Lane Mystery

By Edgar Wallace

Copyright, by Edgar Wallace. Serialized by Ledger Syndicate.

CHAPTER IX.—Continued

"Did she ever tell you anything about her past?"

"Oh, no," said Allen quickly. "It was mostly about her mother, who died about four years ago."

"Did she ever tell you her Christian name—the mother's, I mean?"

"Louisa," answered the girl promptly. "You're awfully mysterious, Mr. James Carlton. What has this to do with poor Mrs. Gibbins?"

"Nothing except that her name was Annie Maud, and the letters containing the money which came to her quarterly were addressed to 'Louisa, 14, Kennel Road, Birmingham'—and re-addressed by postal authorities. A letter came this morning."

"Poor soul!" said the girl softly. "Yes."

It was surprising how well she understood him, remembering the shortness of their acquaintance. She knew, for example, when he was thinking of something else—his voice rose half a tone.

"Isn't that queer? Do you remember my telling you of the 18,000 policemen and the brigade of guards, and the whole congregation of the blessed? And now they are all agitated because Mrs. Gibbins's mother was named Louisa! That discovery I shouldn't have asked you, because I knew it already—proved two things: first, that Mrs. Gibbins committed a crime some fifteen years ago, and secondly, that this is the second time she's been dead!"

He suddenly relaxed, and laughed softly.

"Don't tell me," he warned her. "I know just the magazine character whom I am imitating! The whole thing is rather complicated. Did I say coffee or dinner?"

"You said coffee," she said.

The popular restaurant into which they went was just a little overcrowded, and after being served they lost no time in making their escape.

They were passing along Coventry Street when a big coupe rolled slowly past. The man who was driving was in evening dress. * * * they saw the sheen of his diamond studs, the red tip of his cigar.

"Nobody on earth but the Splendid Harlow could so scintillate," said Jim. "What does he do in this part of the world at such an hour?"

The car turned to the right through Leicester Square and passed down Orange street at a pace which was strangely majestic. It was as though it formed part of and led a magnificent procession. The same thought occurred to both of them.

"He should really travel with a band!"

WOMEN WANTED

35 to 40 years old. Women who are restless, moody, nervous—who fear hot flashes, dizzy spells—to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Pinkham's is famous for helping women during these "trying times" due to functional irregularities. Get a bottle today from your druggist! WOMEN TRYING!

"I was thinking that, too," laughed the girl. "He frightened me terribly the night he came to the flat. I mean, when I opened the door to him. And I'm not easily scared. He looked so big and powerful and ruthless that my very soul covered before him!"

They passed up deserted Long Acre; it was too early for the market carts to have assembled, and the street was a wilderness. Suddenly the girl found her hand held loosely in Jim Carlton's. He was swinging it to and fro in the way that children have when they walk hand-in-hand. The severer side of Miss Allen Rivers closed its eyes and pretended not to see.

"I've got a very friendly feeling for you," said Jim huskily. "I don't know why, but I just have. And if you talk about the phlegmatic constabulary, I will never forgive you."

Three men had suddenly debouched from a side street; they were talking noisily and violently, and they were moving slowly toward them. Jim looked round; the only man in sight was walking in the opposite direction, having passed them a minute or so before.

"I think we'll cross the road," he said, and took her arm, and, quickening his step, almost led her to the opposite sidewalk.

The quarrelling three turned back, and Jim stopped.

"I want you to run back to the other end of Long Acre and fetch a policeman," he said in a low voice. "Will you do this for me? Run!"

Obviously she turned and fled, and as she did so the three came lurching toward him.

"What's the idea?" he said loudly. "Can't we have an argument without you butting in?"

"Stay where you are, Donovan," said Jim. "I know you and I know just what you're after."

"Get him," said somebody angrily, and Jim Carlton whipped the 12-inch length, or jambok that he carried in his pocket and struck at the nearest man. As the flexible hide reached its billet the man dropped the one shot. In another second his two companions had sprung at the detective and he knew that he was fighting, if not for his life, at any rate to save himself from an injury which would incapacitate him for months.

Again, the jambok reached home; a second man reeled. And then a taxicab came flying down Long Acre with a policeman on each foot-board. * * *

"No, not Bow Street," said Jim; "take them to Cannon Row."

"Allen was in the taxicab, a most unheroic woman, on the verge of tears."

"I guessed what they were after," said Jim, as they were driving home. "It is one of the oldest tricks in the world, that rehearsed street fight."

"But why? Why did they do it? Were they old enemies of yours?" she asked, bewildered.

"One," he said. "Donovan." He pointed to the first question.

The presence of Mr. Harlow in his lordly coupe was no accident. The car which had passed down Orange Street was ostensibly carrying him to Vir's Club, but there was a short cut at which he brought him through St. Martin's Lane to the end of Long Acre before the two walkers could possibly reach there. What was more important was that it was very clear to Jim that he and the girl were under observation and he knew that that night from the moment he left the club where he lived, until the attack was delivered.

The reason for the hold-up was not difficult to understand, even supposing observation and the very remote possibility that it was associated with Mrs. Gibbins's death. And that he must exclude, unless he gave Mr. Harlow credit for supernatural powers.

He saw the girl to her lodgings and went back to Scotland Yard, to find a telegram awaiting him. It was from the detective force of Birmingham, and ran:

Your inquiry 785 begs Mrs. Louisa Gibbins died February 18, 1921. Letter which came to her regularly every quarter, and which was subsequently re-addressed to Mrs. Gibbins, of Blenheim House, Lambeth, invariably had "Mrs. Gibbins" postmarked. Fact verified by lodger of late Mrs. Gibbins of this town. Annie Maud Gibbins's real name, Smith. She married James Smith, a plate-layer on Midland Railway, March 2nd, 1910. Her husband killed in war, July 5th, 1915, Hodge, Ends.

A great deal of this information was not new to Jim Carlton. But the Norwood postmark was invaluable, for in that suburb of London lived Jim. Edinburgh.

But before that clue could be followed, Jim Carlton's attention was wholly occupied by the strange behavior of Arthur Ingle, who suddenly turned reclusive, declined all commun-

action with the outside world, and locking himself in his flat, gave him time to set up to the study of the cinematograph.

CHAPTER X.

In the days which followed, Jim Carlton was a busy man, and only once during the week did he find time to see Allen, and then she related one of the minor troubles of life. A new boarder had come to the establishment where she lived, an athletic young man who occupied the room immediately beneath hers, and whose apparent admiration took the form of following her to her work every morning at a respectful distance.

"I wouldn't mind that, but he makes a point of being in the neighborhood of the office when I come out for lunch and when I go home at nights."

"Has he spoken to you?" asked Jim, interested.

"Oh, no, he's been most correct; he doesn't even speak at meals."

"Bear with him," said Jim, a twinkle in his eye. "It is one of the penalties attached to the moderately good-looking."

Jim interviewed the girl's new admirer.

"As a shadow you're a little on the heavy side, Brown," he said. "You should have found a way of watching her without her knowing."

"I'm very sorry, sir," said Detective Brown, and thereafter his espionage was less oppressive.

It was remarkable that in none of the excursions which Jim Carlton made from day to day did he once see Arthur Ingle. Purposely he called at those restaurants and places of resort which in the old days were favored by the man. It would not be a sense of shame or an unwillingness to meet old friends and associates of a more law-abiding life that would keep him away.

If anything, he was driven to his complaisance, for by his fantastic twist of reasoning he had come to regard himself as a public benefactor. Nobody had seen him. Even "the comrades" whom it was his job to address in freewill social halls had not been honored by speech or presence.

"I almost looks as if he had gone over to the capitalists," said one.

"I didn't notice the flags were flying in Piccadilly," said Jim.

(To Be Continued)

Sign Posts In Britain

Historic Posts In All Parts Of The Country Should Be Preserved

Now that signposts are being removed or rendered indecipherable, a correspondent hopes that care will be taken with the many curious or historic posts found in all parts of the country so that in happier times they can be either placed in museums or restored to their rightful positions on the road. Amongst these signposts of particular interest is the "Teddington Hands", near Tewkesbury, with its inscription:

Edmund Atwood, of the Vine Tree, At first erected me, And freely he did this bestow 'Strange travellers take the way to show.

Then there is the wooden post at Brownhills, near Lichfield, dated 1777, and pointed out by the locals as the oldest in England, although near Chipping Campden is one apparently set up in 1669. It is said to mark the site of a gibbet where once swung the body of a man executed for the alleged murder of his master, who was later found to be alive.

A modern type of post that usually catches the eye of travellers is one in Dorset pointing the way to "ed. Handley", an abbreviation for the name of the village of Sixpenny Handley—Manchester Guardian.

About 365,000 grains of pollen are produced by a single dandelion blossom.

Woolen garments will not shrink if they are hung out to dry while dripping wet.

Dr. Isaac Soemnitz of New York, owns a \$12,000 Saint Bernard dog, and he didn't trade two \$6,000 cats for it either. The dog cost him that much, but he was dumping a fence to chase a cat. It bowled over a reputable citizen and broke his leg.

Sample Of British Spirit

During an air raid along the East Coast of England an incendiary bomb fell through a roof and landed on the bed of an 82-year-old woman who calmly smothered the bomb in blankets and then put in a call for an air raid warden who found her at a table playing patience.

An Expensive Dog

Dr. Isaac Soemnitz of New York, owns a \$12,000 Saint Bernard dog, and he didn't trade two \$6,000 cats for it either. The dog cost him that much, but he was dumping a fence to chase a cat. It bowled over a reputable citizen and broke his leg.

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BRINGS INSTANT EASE
from
**PAINS, SPRAINS,
BRUISES, BURNS,
RHEUMATIC ACES**

MINARD'S
GREAT CANADIAN RUBBING
LINIMENT

Using Insecticides

Reducing Losses In Field And Garden Crops As Well As Trees

Insecticides are the substances used in the chemical control of insects and related pests. They are widely employed in every branch of agriculture, and in the Prairie Provinces serve not only as an effective instrument in reducing losses in field and garden crops but also in preventing serious damage to shade trees and shelterbelt plantations by many tree pests.

Generally speaking, insecticides are divided into two classes—stomach poisons and contact poisons, states Lloyd Peterson, Officer in Charge, Entomological Laboratory, Indian Head, Sask. This classification is based on the manner in which the insecticides enter the body of a pest to cause death. Stomach poisons, common among which are lead arsenate, calcium arsenate and Paris green, are only effective if they are eaten, whereas contact poisons such as nicotine sulphate, pyrethrum, sulphur, lime sulphur and oil emulsions kill only by coming in contact with the pest, entering its breathing pores or penetrating the thin membranous portions of its skin.

The significance of stomach and contact poisons, and the importance of knowing their limitations becomes apparent when it is considered that most plant pests of economic importance are classified on a basis of feeding habits, into two groups—chewing forms and piercing-sucking forms. Chewing pests which include such insects as grasshoppers, crickets, caterpillars, beetles, and sawfly larvae bite portions out of the plants and eat them. They can be killed by covering the plants on which they are feeding with a stomach poison, such as lead arsenate, or by applying a contact poison, such as nicotine sulphate or pyrethrum, directly to the pests themselves. Piercing-sucking pests, among which are aphids, scale insects, plant bugs, leathoppers, and mites, do not bite portions out of the plants, however, but pierce the plant tissue and suck the contents.

Against such feeders stomach poisons are ineffectual and contact poisons must be used.

Where chemical control involves the spraying or dusting of plants, it is also necessary to know if the insecticides to be used will injure the plant tissues. Nicotine sulphate, pyrethrum, dorrin and lead arsenate may be used without fear of damage in most cases. Calcium arsenate is less safe but if applied with care and diluted with hydrated lime, will seldom cause serious injury except to the most delicate plants. Paris green, however, may burn the foliage and should be used with extreme caution except on very hardy plants.

Sample Of British Spirit

During an air raid along the East Coast of England an incendiary bomb fell through a roof and landed on the bed of an 82-year-old woman who calmly smothered the bomb in blankets and then put in a call for an air raid warden who found her at a table playing patience.

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Food Shortage In Europe

Herbert Hoover Predicts Most Distasteful Famines In Europe

Herbert Hoover mapped his war relief experience of 20 years ago and his observations on present conditions abroad into a prediction that the spectre of "the most disastrous famine in history" hangs over Europe.

The Belgian city of Brussels, Hoover added, probably will be without food in 30 to 60 days unless aid is provided.

He said he had communicated with Germany, Great Britain and the "republics" of Belgium and Belgium seeking consent for some "third party intervention" to feed the starving. Private charity could not handle the situation, he declared, recalling it took \$25,000,000 a month to feed Belgium in the last war.

Common House Fly

A Well-Proven Fact Is That Flies And Good Health Cannot Exist Together

The diseases and maladies that can be attributed to the common house fly can hardly be overestimated. It has been proven through laboratory tests that more than 30 different diseases and organisms are carried by these pests. Also, that the bacteria on the hairy body of a single fly is sufficient to infect an entire household. Yet, in spite of warnings by medical authorities, the common house fly is too often accepted as the fly existence and tolerance as its presence as an inevitable nuisance during sunny days and warm weather.

Every year, unfortunately, we pay dearly for this indifference with outbreaks of infectious diseases for the simple reason that these germ carriers, born and matured in filth, eventually transmit this filth to drinks and food left uncovered. Summer dysentery and other infant maladies can often be traced to ordinary house flies.

While several methods have been devised to control this deadly menace to our national health, it is practically impossible to completely eliminate it. As individuals, however, we can accomplish a good deal towards stamping out the danger in our homes by getting rid of any flies that happen to get in.

Very few very convenient and inexpensive methods is to trap the flies with Wilson's Fly Pads. Three or four of these, placed in strategic points throughout the house, will work quickly, cleanly and kill all the flies. This protection should start with the first sign of the fly season and continue throughout the summer months.

If every home and eating place adopted this precautionary measure, much would be accomplished in banishing the menace to our health—and thus make our community a safer, cleaner place to live in.

SELECTED RECIPES

MAPLE FUDGE

1 lb maple sugar, broken small
¼ cup Hot Hive Golden or White Corn Syrup
¼ cup milk
1 tablespoon butter
¼ cup chopped nuts
Few grains salt

Mix all but nuts together and beat slowly until dissolved. Boil without stirring until firm ball in cold water. Let stand until just warm then beat until thick and creamy. Pour immediately in buttered pan. Add nuts while beating.

HAWAIIAN PATTIES

2 cups corn, uncooked veal
6 Christie's Soda Wafers, (crumbled fine)
1 egg
¼ teaspoon salt
1 tablespoon minced onion
4 slices pineapple
3 tablespoons butter
¼ cup brown sugar
¼ cup pineapple juice
¼ teaspoon ground cloves

Mix first five ingredients and shape into flat patties. Brown pineapple in two tablespoons butter; then brown veal patties. Place veal patties on each pineapple slice in a greased baking dish. Put remaining butter and sugar into the frying pan and melt over low flame. Add pineapple juice and cloves, heat and pour over patties. Bake covered 20 minutes in a hot oven (425 degrees F.). Six portions.

For Better Service

While Europe was at peace first class hotels, bars and restaurants in Italy ruled that employees dealing with the public must speak at least two of the three languages, English, French and German, in addition to their native tongue.

The Brandon Sun says when the war situation looks too bad, quit looking.

While Napoleon Bonaparte did not make a resident in Hobart, Australia, has uncovered a case of pipes believed to have formed a presentation set to the French dictator of 1800.

Musculini has put himself in the Judea class for all time.

ITCH STOPPED

For relief from itching of skin, use... (text continues)

A Common Cause

Christian Science Monitor Comments On U.S. Price Tax On Armaments

A news item records that \$37,500,000 worth of surplus war material, munitions, and ordnance has been sold by the United States War Department to a steel company which in turn is delivering it at that price to the British and French Allies.

This is heartening and gratifying in the sense that it indicates that American aid through the furnishing of supplies to the Allies is actually getting under way. The more quickly other such deliveries of guns, airplanes and other equipment can be made the better.

Yet since Americans clearly believe their own interests and safety to depend on the success of British and French resistance to aggression, why do they haggle over payment and put a price on the assistance they are willing to give? Why charge the soldiers of Britain and France for means of protecting a freedom and decency that is America's as well as theirs?

If the United States by an expenditure even of billions of dollars can help establish a world order based on justice instead of force, and can be spared the sacrifice of its sons, the victory will be cheaply purchased. In a common cause should not America from now on be glad to give arms to the Allies in addition to those they can purchase?—Christian Science Monitor.

The Only Viewpoint

Canada Should Adopt Britain's Outlook For The Future

The Huron Examiner, Searforth, Ont., says:

The disaster to the Allies in France is too crippling to make light of, and as we are able to comprehend it, with the passing of the days, it will become more realistic and terrifying.

But it can be viewed in different lights. And here is one of them. Speaking in England, the British Parliamentary Secretary of the Minister of Information said:

"It will not be on the dry land of Europe that this war will be won. It will be upon the seas and in the air; in distant continents; as soon as the unlimited resources of the British Empire and the Americans can be mobilized to turn the scale."

If that is true, and a member of the British staff believes so, we should say it, if it were not, all is not yet utter darkness on the side of Britain. There is still hope, at least as Britain views the scene. And if there is still hope for Britain and Britain still believes so, why should we, in Canada, become too downcast?

GEMS OF THOUGHT

PRAYER

A prayer in its simplest definition is merely a wish turned God-ward.—Phillips Brooks.

Practise in life whatever you pray for, and God will give it to you more abundantly.—Pusey.

Prayer is the utilization of the love wherewith He loves us.—Mary Baker Eddy.

He prayeth best who loveth best.—Coleridge.

In prayer it is better to have a heart without words, than words without a heart.—Bunyan.

The simple heart that freely asks in love, obtains.—Whittier.

New Source Of Income

Soldier From Yorkshire Had Clever Idea For Making Money

When recruits receive their Army clothes they usually send their "civies" home by post. When these did not arrive as expected, the mother of a Yorkshire recruit wrote to him to ask the reason.

He replied: "Dearest mother, I am letting out my hose at 2d. a night, and my overcoat at 1s. for the week-end."

It only remains to be said that this shrewd Yorkshire lad is stationed in Scotland.—News of the World.

Presented To Napoleon

While Napoleon Bonaparte did not make a resident in Hobart, Australia, has uncovered a case of pipes believed to have formed a presentation set to the French dictator of 1800.

Musculini has put himself in the Judea class for all time.

BEWARE THE SHADOW!

—News of the World.

PERSONAL

MEN OF 30, 40, 50! HEALTH (V.M.P.) subnormal? Try Ostrex tablets of tonics, stimulants, cystic elements to aid recovery of normal pep. If not delighted with results first package, make refund its low price. Call, write Blaimore Pharmacy and all other good drug stores.

Special Bargain Fares to LETHBRIDGE AND RETURN

\$2.25
from BLAIRMORE
Correspondingly Low Fares
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Good Going
JULY 19 AND 20
RETURN UNTIL
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Good in Cashes only. No holdups checked. For additional information and train schedule, contact Canadian Pacific Ticket Agent.

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Coach "Tourist" Standard
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*Plus berth charge
Proportionately low fares to and from other stations.

OTHER HOLIDAY SUGGESTIONS:
See Alaska and the Yukon—9-day "Princess" Cruises—Vancouver to Skagway and return. Carfare Sunset Cruises along West Coast of Vancouver Island. Or, if going East, take the popular Lake and Rail route.

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WORLD'S GREATEST TRAVEL SYSTEM

Special Bargain Fares to CALGARY - BANFF AND RETURN

\$4.80 - \$6.85
From BLAIRMORE
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GOOD GOING
JULY 19 AND 20
RETURN UNTIL
JULY 22

Good in Cashes only. No holdups checked. For additional information and train schedule, contact Canadian Pacific Ticket Agent.

Canadian Pacific

And now they have a "MacLeishan" in Alberta.

S. McDowall spent the early part of the week in Calgary.

A Fernie citizen was fined \$30 and costs for tampering with an electric meter.

Wonder how the calves, cows, steers and bucking horses enjoy the Calgary Stampede.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Connelly and family, of Lundbrock, took in the Stampede at Calgary this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Roy Upton attended the Stampede in Calgary the early part of the week, returning Tuesday night.

Mr. and Mrs. Paul Chardon left the early part of the week on a holiday trip by motor to various B. C. points.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Drain was blessed with a young son on Tuesday morning. "Bo" is a grand. dad now.

Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Thompson were motor visitors to Calgary last week, where they visited Mrs. R. W. H. Pinkney, patient in hospital.

F. R. Ramsay, president of the Blaimore Hat Co., of Guelph, Ontario, and three friends are missing on Lake Huron, where they ventured out in a small speed boat.

The tallest lady delegate to the recent press convention in Calgary was Miss M. Stimson, of the Shaunavon (Saskatchewan) Standard. We availed of the unusual opportunity of looking her straight in the eye.

Mrs. N. E. Popham, of Seattle, was visiting here the early part of the week with her sister, Mrs. D. C. Drain. Mrs. Popham will be remembered as a former waitress at the old Blaimore hotel. She was accompanied by her daughters.

Indians of the Peigan reserve subscribed \$1,052 to war work, \$61.96 to the Red Cross and made a loan of \$10,000 for the duration of the war. The Indian women have sent a request to Calgary to be allowed to assist in Red Cross and refugee sewing.

The story goes that a new musical comedy came to town recently, and the billboards read: "Fifty Beautiful Girls—Forty-five Gorgeous Costumes!" Ten high school students were killed and others horribly mangled in the rush for the opening performance.

Dr. and Mrs. Rose had their two daughters home from Edmonton over the holiday week end. Miss Cathie went back Monday to her position in the C.P.R. telegraph office, and Miss Helen went back Wednesday, having one month more to put in at the University hospital in her special clinical training.—Clareholm Local Press.

MacPherson and his family sat down to Sunday dinner. "Now, children," he said, "do ye want the cold meat or a nickel apiece?" Two hands went up for the nickel. The meat was removed, and Mrs. MacPherson then served the apple pie. "Now, children," said Mack, "who wants a piece of pie for a nickel?"—P.B.X.

A board comprised of George B. Henwood, W. F. W. Hancock, Fred C. Jamieson, W. R. McLaren and Ronald C. Arturs, has been appointed for the purpose of organizing throughout the province a body of constables to be known as The Veterans' Volunteer Reserve, to co-operate with the Royal Canadian Mounted Police and other police forces in the province.

By a return tabled in the house of commons at Ottawa, it was shown that 25 men are now serving the country in wartime positions, at the nominal salary of one dollar a year. Of course, some of these receive living allowances of from \$7.50 to \$20 per day while they are absent from their place of residence. Others receive actual, itemized, out-of-pocket expenses incurred in the fulfillment of their duties with the government, while a number receive no allowances or expenses whatsoever.

Local and General Items

The Editor will be glad to receive items for this section, regarding visitors, entertainers, parties for holidays or short trips, bridge parties, teas, showers, presentations, anniversaries, etc. Phone items in to 11 or hand them in at The Enterprise office not later than Thursday evening.

No more bull sales in Alberta until after the next session of the house.

Thirty years ago Rev. A. D. Currie held his first service at Pine Lake, Alberta.

The Macleod Stampede Association has been incorporated under the Societies Act.

Two Communist members of the Winnipeg board of education have been interned.

Mr. Hartley Upham and son Roy spent a couple of days in Calgary this week attending the Stampede.

Harold Pinkney returned from Calgary on Wednesday evening, and reported Mrs. Pinkney's condition as improving.

Born, to Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Porter, of Lethbridge, on Saturday, July 6th, a daughter. Mrs. Porter is eldest daughter to Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Harmer, of Blaimore.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Carmichael and daughters, of Blaimore, Alberta, were motor visitors at the week end (July 1st) with Mr. and Mrs. T. McKay—Creston Review.

At the induction of Rev. T. J. Stainton to the pastorate of Ryley-Holden-Bruce United churches, Rev. D. K. Allan, of Tofield, formerly of Coleman, was principal speaker.

A valuable ewe on the farm of Wilbert Pharis, of Todd Creek district, has the record of two sets of twins in less than seven months. The first pair were born shortly before Christmas, and the second the first of July.

Hitler and his bloody gangsters are in for a tremendous lick from every nook and corner of the Dominion—and Canadians everywhere are going to enjoy themselves to the full in the process of applying the licks.—Times-Observer, Sioux Lookout.

Mrs. Grace McBratney, of Acme, formerly of Sunnyslope, visited her parents here this week, Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Robbins. She was accompanied by her three children and two friends. They continued west to Creston on Thursday morning by motor.

The British house of commons took sixteen minutes Wednesday to pass through all stages a bill amending the British North America Act empowering the Canadian parliament to pass an unemployment insurance scheme. It now goes before the house of lords.

The marriage of a well known Blaimore waitress to a well known Alberta government employee is reported to have taken place on Tuesday. We have not yet been authorized to publish the names of the participants, but hasten to wish them good luck and many of "them."

According to a statement by the department of national defence, personnel of the Canadian Active Service Force are entitled to round trip tickets on the railways for the price of one-way fare by obtaining forms from their commanding officer. They are also entitled to any excursion fares in effect for civilians.

E. V. Steele, who some years ago represented the Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. here, and who is now an ordained minister connected with the World Evangelization Crusade, was in The Pass for a few days last week. Rev. Mr. Steele, who is accompanied by Mrs. Steele and their two children, was guest preacher at the Baptist churches in Bellevue and Blaimore on Sunday, and also spoke in Blaimore on Monday night and in Bellevue on Tuesday night. Mr. and Mrs. Steele are on their way to the Belgian Congo in Africa, where they will spend some years as missionaries.

Britain's army is increasing at the rate of 7,000 men daily.

The Duke of Windsor has been appointed governor of the Bahama Islands.

Sandy Ferguson motored to Calgary on Wednesday, accompanied by Mrs. Bartlett.

Within six days Newfoundland's latest war loan of \$1,500,000 was greatly over-subscribed.

James Takes The Gun Strong paid a fine of \$15 for being intoxicated. Probably another shot may have finished him.

S. J. Purdy, of the Home Guards, was down from Calgary last week end to visit his home at Lundbrock and friends here.

A heading in an Alberta weekly newspaper, immediately following the press birthday celebration at Calgary, read: "Crack French Liner Seized at Midnapore."

The marriage of Mrs. Agnes Carlson to Mr. Samuel A. Fraser took place at Pincher Creek on June 29th. The young couple are honeymooning in northern Alberta.

This week we received a fisherman's thermometer. It not only indicates the temperature of the water, but the feeling of the fish towards your hook. It simply tells you that the fish is ready to bite.

The exterior of the Alberta hotel building has been treated to a coat of paint by the Crows' Nest Pass Motors, making it quite attractive. The ground floor is to be used as an auto display room in conjunction with a gas service station.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Tustian, of Parkland, announce the engagement of their elder daughter, Freda Irene, to Mr. Hartford A. Cantelon, only son of Rev. and Mrs. W. R. Cantelon, of Spedden, Alberta. The marriage is to take place the latter part of July.

On their vacation trips this summer, Alberta women can profitably use spare time knitting shoulder shawls for convalescing Canadian soldiers in hospital. About 30 inches square, plain knitting, in bright colors, or of any weight soft wool, they are easy to make.

Miss Dorothy, daughter of Mrs. Irwin and the late James R. Irwin, of Cowley, was on Friday afternoon last united in marriage to Mr. Frank Peter, third son of Mr. and Mrs. George Webber, of Todd Creek. The ceremony was performed at Cowley by Rev. E. B. Arrol, B.A., of Blaimore.

J. B. Leyland, Vancouver tourist executive, is impressed with the beauties of the Canadian Rockies. Arriving in Edmonton, following the opening ceremonies of the Big Bend highway link, Mr. Leyland expressed his conviction that the tourist traffic to Alberta and B.C. would be doubled within five years. "I thought I had seen the Canadian Rockies," said Mr. Leyland, "but the majestic scenery opened up by the two new highway links was a revelation to me."

A Newfoundland newspaper publisher joined the great army of benedict some forty years ago and moved into a house large enough at that time. With the approach of the first visit of the stork, an addition was built, then another and another and another until after some ten or eleven visits Mr. Stork figured he had done his share and quit. A few years later, the eldest child became married. A section was taken off the house to be used for kindling wood. Then as the years went by, another and another and another, until today the house is reduced to about five rooms. That's method, your telling me!

Twenty tons of wool were shipped from the Innisfail district lately.

More bull for Alberta is promised by Hon. D. B. Mullen, minister of agriculture.

Showers over the province during the past week have greatly improved crop prospects.

Angelo Fantin, of Deliveries Limited, was a business visitor to Calgary last week.

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Vaughn and family have moved back from Coleman to Blaimore to reside.

The remains of R. Bruce Baxter, who died in Montreal, were laid to rest in Edmonton on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Flint (formerly Mrs. H. Benson), of Michel, were visitors to the Calgary Stampede this week.

A. B. King, of the Royal Bank at Fort Saskatchewan, and daughter, Jacqueline, visited friends in Fernie last week.

Dr. Murchie, for the past six years dentist at Fernie and Michel, has moved to his old home town of Duncan, B.C.

Rev. E. Erskine Pow has taken over the pastorate of Pincher Creek United church, succeeding Rev. R. Magowan, transferred to Lethbridge.

The bit is driving through oil sands at the Alliance well, and last week there was a nice showing of oil. Everything so far there is very encouraging.—Pincher Creek Echo.

Found in possession of a car stolen at High River, John Compton and Leonard Tyne, no fixed abode, were sentenced by Magistrate Gresham to twelve months each in Lethbridge Jail. For being in possession of concealed weapons, an additional month was given.

Much pressure is being brought to bear on Promoter Mike Jacobs to hold the return match between Max Baer and Joe Louis in an arena just a few miles south of Admiral Byrd's main base in Little America, where there are 35 Eskimos, 245 penguins and 936 fur seals, all willing to attend at \$2.50.

Mr. Charles Nicholson, well known representative of Maclean publications, Toronto, attended the weekly press convention at Calgary last week end, and is this week end visiting an old friend at Lethbridge in the person of Senator W. A. Buchanan, publisher of the Lethbridge Herald. Mr. Nicholson recalls playing baseball and hockey in Pincher Creek in the very early days.

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Tenders for the Demolition of Old Exchange Building and the Construction of a New Telephone Exchange Building at Pincher Creek.

TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and endorsed as above will be received up to 12 o'clock noon of Monday, July 22, 1940.

For the construction of a new telephone exchange and the demolition of the old telephone exchange building in accordance with the plans and specifications prepared by the General Plant Superintendent.

A deposit of \$10.00 must accompany request for plans and specifications which will be refunded upon the return of the plans and specifications. All tenders must be accompanied by an accepted cheque or bid bond equal to 5% of the amount of the tender. The successful tenderer will be required to execute a contract bond to the amount of 20% of the accepted tender, as a guarantee for the faithful fulfillment of the contract. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. D. BAKER,
Deputy Minister of Telephones,
Edmonton, Alberta,
Dated at Edmonton,
July 8, 1940.

DENTISTRY

R. K. Lillie, D.D.S., L.D.S.

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Coleman—Morning 9 to 12
Blaimore—Afternoon 1 to 6
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PHONES:

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FOR ROUND TRIP

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July 20 to 27 incl.

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if no train July 30, good first available train thereafter

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